Program Assessment Plan (Poultry Science-Undergraduate Program) University of Arkansas March 2016

1. Department Name & Contact Information

Department of Poultry Science 1260 West Maple Street Fayetteville, AR 72704 479.575.4952 Dr. Michael T. Kidd, mkidd@uark.edu Patrice N. Sims, patrices@uark.edu

2. Department Mission

The Center of Excellence for Poultry Science shall provide comprehensive programs in research, teaching, and extension dedicated to improving the lives of Arkansans associated with all components of the poultry industry by generating knowledge through research and putting that knowledge to use through education.

3. Program Goals

The goal of the poultry science curriculum is to promote a fundamental understanding of poultry science across sub-disciplines, with an emphasis on the scientific basis underlying the poultry industry. The objective of the required POSC courses is to provide an overview of poultry-related careers, production practices, poultry anatomy, and disciplines that include physiology, diseases, genetics, nutrition, processing, and products.

4. Student Learning Outcome 1. Students will demonstrate knowledge of the basic principles of production, anatomy, physiology, genetics, nutrition, health, and disease identification as related to poultry.

The following items apply to EACH Assessment Measure.

A. Poultry Pre and Post Assessment Test.

- POSC has established a pre and posttest that will be administered the freshmen year in POSC 1002 Introduction to Careers in Poultry Science and again in the senior year in POSC 4343 Poultry Nutrition. This assessment will begin fall of 2016.
- The Pre/Post Test is a direct measure.
- The test includes questions from required poultry core courses: Poultry Nutrition 4343, Avian Anatomy 3554, Poultry Diseases 3323, Egg and Meat Technology 4314, Poultry Production 2343, and Poultry Breeder Management 2353.
- The pretest and the posttest will be scored separately.

POSC Exit Survey

- The Poultry Science Exit Survey is given during the senior year.
- The survey is an indirect measure.
- **B.** Acceptable and Ideal Targets (not required for indirect measures).
- It is likely that the freshmen class will fare poorly on the pretest. We would expect an average score for the pretest to be less than or equal to 55%. We would expect an average score for the posttest to be greater than or equal to 76%.
- **C. Key Personnel** (Department Head, Faculty, Department Administrative Manager).
- Mike Kidd-department head, the class instructor, and Patrice Sims-department administrative manager

D. Summary of Findings.

- As students matriculate through the program they will take the poultry science core classes.
- The test will be administered fall 2016. Results will be available in the fall of 2016 for the first pretest. The first posttest will be administered fall 2020 and will be available fall of 2021. It is

expected that students will fare poorly on the pretest. The posttest would show significant improvement. The students will gain this knowledge from the poultry science core courses. We would expect an average score for the posttest to be greater than or equal to 76%.

- **E. Recommendations** (<u>not required</u> for indirect measures)
- Currently, we do not have any recommendations. Any recommendations will be noted for AY 16-17 after the first pre-test.

5. Student Learning Outcome 2. Students develop critical-thinking skills that apply to issues and problems faced by the poultry industry.

Student Learning Outcome 3: Students will be able to communicate summaries of lab activities, interpret results of problem-solving activities and summarize results of research in written and oral communication (Learning Outcome two & three are using rubrics as the direct measure)

The following items apply to EACH Assessment Measure.

A. Rubrics for POSC Seminar Courses

- POSC has established rubric to be used in the seminar courses: POSC 4801 Seminar: Research Topics: POSC 4811 Seminar Professionalism; POSC 4821 Problem Solving; and POSC 4831 Processing Regulations
- The Rubric is a direct measure.
- Two rubrics: oral communications, and written communication will be used in the seminar courses
- POSC 4801: aim is to help undergraduate students assimilate the fundamentals of understanding research source value and how to read, understand orally present quality referred research publications.
- POSC 4811: address issues associated with preparation for finding and retaining your first job in the poultry industry.
- POSC 4821: real world problem solving of poultry production systems.
- POSC 4831: processing plant procedures and regulations with an emphasis on problem solving.

B. Acceptable and Ideal Targets (not required for indirect measures).

- The seminar course is taken during the junior or senior year; preferably the senior year. It is expected that 80% of the class will meet expectations 10% will exceed expectations and 5% will not meet the expectations.
- C. Key Personnel (Department Head, Faculty, Department Administrative Manager).
- Mike Kidd-department head, the class instructor, and Patrice Sims-department administrative manager

D. Summary of Findings.

- The seminar courses consist of several oral presentations, written presentations, team building
 exercises as well as problem solving activities. Students would have gained the prerequisite skills
 for oral presentations and written presentations from previous poultry sciences courses and
 university core courses. The criteria set forth in the rubric will be explained for the assignments.
 Students at this level should be able to meet or exceed the criteria of the rubric.
- The written and oral rubric goes into effect for Fall 2016. Results will be available Spring 2017.

E. Recommendations (not required for indirect measures)

• Currently, we do not have any recommendations. Any recommendations will be noted for AY 16-17.

6. Overall Recommendations

None at this time.

7. Action Plan

No action plan at this time.

8. Supporting Attachments

Pretest and Posttest Graduate Survey Oral Presentation Rubric Written Communication Rubric

Undergraduate Oral Presentation:

Presented by:				
Rubric – Compl	leted by:	Date: _		
(To be completed by instructor. Please indicate any category not relevant to presentation)				
Attribute for ORAL	Does Not Meet Expectations Provide a short explanation for each attribute That you select in this category.	Meets Expectations	Exceeds Expectations	
Overall quality of presentation	Poorly organizedPoor presentationPoor communication skillsSlides and handouts difficult to read	Clearly organizedClear presentationGood communication skillsSlides and handouts clear	Well organizedProfessional presentationExcellent communication skillsSlides and handouts outstanding	
Overall breadth of knowledge	Presentation unacceptable Presentation reveals critical weakness In depth of knowledge in subject matter Presentation does not reflect well developed critical thinking skills Presentation is narrow in scope	Presentation acceptable Presentation reveals some depth of knowledge in subject matter Presentation reveals above average critical thinking skills Presentation reveals the the draw from knowledge	Presentation superior Presentation reveals exceptional depth of subject knowledge Presentation reveals well developed critical thinking skills Presentation reveals the ability to interconnect and extend know-	
	No application to Poultry Science	in several disciplinesApplication to Poultry Science evident	ledge from multiple disciplines Presentation shows clear application to Poultry Science	
Quality of response to questions	Responses are incomplete or required promptingArguments are poorly presentedRespondent exhibits lack of knowledge in subject areaResponse do not meet level expected of B.S. degreeStudent does not realize the connection presented work to poultr science	Responses are complete Arguments are well organized Respondent exhibits adequate knowledge in subject area Response meet level expected of B.S. degree Student adequately connects presented work to poultry science	Responses are eloquent Arguments are skillfully presentedRespondent exhibits superior knowledge in subject areaResponses exceed level expected B.S. degreeStudent is able to discuss in depth the connection of thesis research to poultry science	
Overall assessment	Does not meet expectations	Meets Expectations	Exceeds Expectations	
Confidential Com	nments:			

Undergraduate Written Paper:

Rubric – Completed by: Date:				
(To be complete	d by instructor. Please indicate any category not	relevant to presentation)		
Attribute for WRITTEN	Does Not Meet Expectations Provide a short explanation for each attribute that you select in this category	Meets Expectations	Exceeds Expectations	
Overall quality of written content	Arguments are incorrect, incoherent, or flawed Objectives are poorly defined Demonstrated rudimentary critical thinking skills Does not reflect understanding of Subject matter and associated literature Demonstrates poor understanding of theoretical Demonstrates limited originality Displays limited creativity and insight	Arguments are coherent and clearObjectives are clearDemonstrates average critical thinking skillsReflects understanding of theoretical conceptsDemonstrates understanding of theoretical conceptsDemonstrates originalityDisplays creativity and insight	Arguments are superior Objectives are well definedExhibits mature, critical thinking skills Exhibits mastery of subject matter and	
Quality of writing style	Writing is weak Numerous grammatical and spelling errors Organization is poor Documentation is poor	Writing is adequate Some grammatical and spelling errors apparent Organization is logical Documentation is adequate	Writing is publication quality No grammatical or spelling errors apparent Organization is excellent Documentation is excellent	
Overall assessment	Does not meet expectations	Meets Expectations	Exceeds Expectations	
Confidential Co	mments:			

Department of Poultry Science

Graduating Senior Exit Interview

Name:		
Address:		
Telephone:	Email:	
Why did you choose to study at Fayetteville? :		
Reason for Choosing POSC:		
Most Liked Classes and why:		
Least Liked Classes and why:		
Do you feel prepared for the w	ork force?	
Have you accepted a job yet? If	f yes, Please give company name and location	
Starting Salary:	per year.	
If you have not accepted a job	at this time are you planning to attend graduate school?	
At any time did a professor or i attending graduate school as a f	instructor discuss with you a career in research or teaching and first step in that direction? Yes No	/or

contacted in case companies contact the department looking for poultry science graduates? Contact info:
In which term did you start your degree program?
Were you a transient student? If so, what college?
Who was your academic advisor?
Indicate your level of satisfaction with the supervision and guidance you received from your adviso
Low or poor
Below average
Average
Above Average
Excellent
While in school, how many hours per week did you typically work to earn money to support yourse
a. none
1-10 hrs/wk
10-20 hrs/wk
More than 20 hrs/wk
My cumulative GPA (U of A):
a. 2.00 to 2.49
2.50 to 2.99
3.00 to 3.49
3.50 to 4.00
My GPA in my major is :
a. 2.00 to 2.49
b 2 50 to 2 99

c. 3.00 to 3.49

d. 3.50 to 4.00 **Technology Services** a) Low or poor b) Below average c) Average d) Above Average e) Excellent **Library Services** a) Low or poor b) Below average c) Average d) Above Average e) Excellent Research Support: Access to faculty involved in research a) Low or poor b) Below average c) Average d) Above Average e) Excellent Research Support: Access to up-to-date facilities such as laboratories, research centers, specialized a) Low or poor b) Below average c) Average d) Above Average

e) Excellent

Do you have any comments:_

Name		Date
Major: Poultry Science	Animal Science	Other
lassification:		
. Freshman		
. Sophomore		
. Junior . Senior		
. Transfer		
	Poultry Pre and Post Assessment Te	st
	Toutty Tre and Tost Assessment Te	
Solution Supplemental Series Supplement	<u>LE BEST</u> answer):	
1) Marek's disease is characteriz	ed by:	
a. Neoplastic (cancer) disease		
b. Neoplastic (cancer) disease		
	involving the bursa of Fabricius	
	involving feather follicles and nerve tist usually causing tumors in the head	sue
• • • • • •	usually causing tumors in the head	
2) Lymphoid Leukosis:		
a. Is usually caused by poor s		
b. Is prevented by appropriate		
c. Can be treated with antibio		
d. Often is associated with res	piratory disease	
e. None of the Above		
3) Infectious Bronchitis		
a. Is an extremely contagious	upper respiratory disease	
b. Has both respiratory and ur		
c. Has no effect on egg produ	ction	
d. A and B above		
e. None of the Above		
	the bursa of Fabricius, immediately follo eptibility to many other diseases is often	
a. Coccidiosis		
b. Mycoplasmosis		
c. Histomoniasis		
d. Infectious Bursal Disease		
e. Marek's Disease		
5) Signs and lesions assoicated	with Infectious Coryza include:	
	nea and dyspnea in older chickens	.1
	swelling, coughing, sneezing, nasal disc	charge primarily in young
immature chickensc. Infraorbital Sinusitis, facial	swelling, coughing, sneezing, nasal disc	charge primarily in older
mature chickens	swering, coughing, succeing, hasai disc	charge primarity in older
	sceptibility to other diseases	
6) The incubation period for the	turkey egg is:	
a. 21 days		
b. 23 days		
c. 25 days		
d. 28 day		
•		
7) The primary reason chickens	are taken off feed before processing is to):

What is the primary role of ventilation in a commercial poultry barn during cold weather:

a. Save money

8)

c. Reduce contaminationd. Make the birds easy to catch

b. Prevent birds from gaining too much weight

a.	Keep oxygen levels high
b.	Remove moisture
c.	Keep birds warm
d.	None of the above
9)	During processing, the chicken carcass is placed in hot water in order to:
a.	Kill bacteria
b.	Loosen the feathers
c.	Make the birds cleaner
d.	None of these
10)	Sudden Death Syndrome in broilers is associated with:
0	Birds accidentally choking to death when they eat
a. b.	Aortic Rupture
c.	Poisoning
	None of the above
٠.	
11)	During the life of a broiler chicken, it may be fed as many as:
a.	One diet
b.	Two diets
c.	Four diets
d.	Eight diets
12)	Litter quality can directly impact what part of a processed bird:
a.	Wings
b.	Feet
_	Breast meat
c.	
d.	Tenders
d.	
d.	Tenders What organ plays a key role in the immune system in broiler chickens:
d. 13) a.	Tenders
d. 13) a. b.	Tenders What organ plays a key role in the immune system in broiler chickens: Kidneys Bursa of Fabricius
d. 13) a. b. c.	Tenders What organ plays a key role in the immune system in broiler chickens: Kidneys
d. 13) a. b. c. d.	Tenders What organ plays a key role in the immune system in broiler chickens: Kidneys Bursa of Fabricius Pineal gland Cloaca
d. 13) a. b. c.	Tenders What organ plays a key role in the immune system in broiler chickens: Kidneys Bursa of Fabricius Pineal gland Cloaca Which of the following does not undergo biological regeneration occurs when a bird molts?
d. 13) a. b. c. d.	Tenders What organ plays a key role in the immune system in broiler chickens: Kidneys Bursa of Fabricius Pineal gland Cloaca Which of the following does not undergo biological regeneration occurs when a bird molts? Feather
d. 13) a. b. c. d. 14)	Tenders What organ plays a key role in the immune system in broiler chickens: Kidneys Bursa of Fabricius Pineal gland Cloaca Which of the following does not undergo biological regeneration occurs when a bird molts? Feather Ovary
d. 13) a. b. c. d. 14) a. b. c.	Tenders What organ plays a key role in the immune system in broiler chickens: Kidneys Bursa of Fabricius Pineal gland Cloaca Which of the following does not undergo biological regeneration occurs when a bird molts? Feather Ovary Oviduct
d. 13) a. b. c. d. 14) a. b.	Tenders What organ plays a key role in the immune system in broiler chickens: Kidneys Bursa of Fabricius Pineal gland Cloaca Which of the following does not undergo biological regeneration occurs when a bird molts? Feather Ovary
d. 13) a. b. c. d. 14) a. b. c.	Tenders What organ plays a key role in the immune system in broiler chickens: Kidneys Bursa of Fabricius Pineal gland Cloaca Which of the following does not undergo biological regeneration occurs when a bird molts? Feather Ovary Oviduct
d. 13) a. b. c. d. 14) a. b. c. d.	Tenders What organ plays a key role in the immune system in broiler chickens: Kidneys Bursa of Fabricius Pineal gland Cloaca Which of the following does not undergo biological regeneration occurs when a bird molts? Feather Ovary Oviduct digestive system
d. 13) a. b. c. d. 14) a. b. c. d.	What organ plays a key role in the immune system in broiler chickens: Kidneys Bursa of Fabricius Pineal gland Cloaca Which of the following does not undergo biological regeneration occurs when a bird molts? Feather Ovary Oviduct digestive system Which of the following is not considered an egg abnormality?
d. 13) a. b. c. d. 14) a. b. c. d.	Tenders What organ plays a key role in the immune system in broiler chickens: Kidneys Bursa of Fabricius Pineal gland Cloaca Which of the following does not undergo biological regeneration occurs when a bird molts? Feather Ovary Oviduct digestive system Which of the following is not considered an egg abnormality? Double yolk Membrane B –grade
d. 13) a. b. c. d. 14) a. b. c. d. 15)	What organ plays a key role in the immune system in broiler chickens: Kidneys Bursa of Fabricius Pineal gland Cloaca Which of the following does not undergo biological regeneration occurs when a bird molts? Feather Ovary Oviduct digestive system Which of the following is not considered an egg abnormality? Double yolk Membrane
d. 13) a. b. c. d. 14) a. b. c. d. 15) a. b. c.	Tenders What organ plays a key role in the immune system in broiler chickens: Kidneys Bursa of Fabricius Pineal gland Cloaca Which of the following does not undergo biological regeneration occurs when a bird molts? Feather Ovary Oviduct digestive system Which of the following is not considered an egg abnormality? Double yolk Membrane B –grade
d. 13) a. b. c. d. 14) a. b. c. d. 15) a. b. c. d.	What organ plays a key role in the immune system in broiler chickens: Kidneys Bursa of Fabricius Pineal gland Cloaca Which of the following does not undergo biological regeneration occurs when a bird molts? Feather Ovary Oviduct digestive system Which of the following is not considered an egg abnormality? Double yolk Membrane B – grade body check
d. 13) a. b. c. d. 14) a. b. c. d. 15) a. b. c. d.	What organ plays a key role in the immune system in broiler chickens: Kidneys Bursa of Fabricius Pineal gland Cloaca Which of the following does not undergo biological regeneration occurs when a bird molts? Feather Ovary Oviduct digestive system Which of the following is not considered an egg abnormality? Double yolk Membrane B – grade body check How long are chicken eggs in the setter before transfer to the hatcher?
d. 13) a. b. c. d. 14) a. b. c. d. 15) a. b. c. d. 16)	What organ plays a key role in the immune system in broiler chickens: Kidneys Bursa of Fabricius Pineal gland Cloaca Which of the following does not undergo biological regeneration occurs when a bird molts? Feather Ovary Oviduct digestive system Which of the following is not considered an egg abnormality? Double yolk Membrane B – grade body check How long are chicken eggs in the setter before transfer to the hatcher?

17)	What meat animal is indigenous to North America
a.	Chicken
b.	Duck
c.	Pheasant
d.	Turkey
18)	Why are eggs turned during incubation?
a.	Avoid embryo sticking to inner shell
b.	Stimulate embryo growth
c.	reduce incubation time
d.	shorten hatch window
19)	Providing a balanced diet makes up this amount of total live cost of production.
a.	35%
b.	50%
c.	70%
d.	85%
20)	A lack of this nutrient will cause the most serious nutritional deficiency.
	Conhabriduatea
a. b	Carbohydrates Proteins
b.	Water
c. d.	Vitamins
	Minerals
e.	
f.	Fats and oils
21)	Phytate is the name of an organic structure in cereal and legume grains that is primarily bound to this
21)	mineral. A commercially sold enzyme called phytase can be added to poultry feed for making this mineral
	available to poultry.
a.	Magnesium
b.	Cobalt
c.	Sodium
d.	Phosphorus
e.	Selenium
22)	Warfarin (rat poison) and sulfaquinoxaline (coccidiostat) are well known anti-coagulants because they interfere with this vitamin.
	XT () A
a.	Vitamin A
b.	Vitamin C
c.	Vitamin K
d.	Vitamin D
e.	Folic acid
22)	
23)	The gastrointestinal tract of poultry does not contain this anatomical structure.
a.	Cecum
b.	Rumen
c.	Proventriculus
d.	Gizzard
e.	Cloaca
٠.	
24)	Approximately how many pounds of feed are required to produce each pound of live weight gain in
	broilers grown to an average market weight?
a.	0.9

	b.	1.9
	c.	2.9
	d.	3.9
	25)	• • •
	a.	Decrease, decrease
	b.	Decrease, increase
	c. d.	Increase, decrease Increase, increase
	26)	The primary protein-providing ingredient used in US poultry diets is:
	a.	Soybean meal
	b.	Wheat
	c. d.	Corn Meat and bone meal
	u.	Weat and bone mean
	27)	Compared with meal/mash, which of the following is not an advantage of providing poultry feeds in the form of pellets/crumbles?
	a.	Improved flow of feed through bins/feeders
	b.	Decreased feed segregation
	c.	Reduced feed wastage
	d.	Lower feed production cost
	28)	Which of these compounds is not classified as an amino acid?
	a.	Lysine
	b.	Carotene
	c. d.	Methionine Threonine
		Which of these compounds would not potentially be included as part of a triglyceride?
	27)	which of these compounds would not potentially be included as part of a digitectide.
	a.	Linoleic acid
	b.	Glycogen
	c.	Glycerol Linolenic acid
	d.	Linoienic acid
	30)	is secreted by cells in the proventriculus (stomach) of poultry to aid in the denaturation/digestion of proteins.
	a.	Acetic acid
	b.	Sulfuric acid
	c.	Hydrochloric acid
	d.	Ascorbic acid
Short A	nsw	er:
31)		ne glandular stomach of the avian species is called the; the muscular stomach of the bird is led the
32)	Th	ne liver of the bird produces which is stored in the
33)	T	he first branches off of the aorta in birds are thearteries; the aorta curves to the in birds.

34)	The three meninges of the avian brain are the, and,
35)	The vein at the back of the thigh is the, the artery at the front of the thigh is the
36)	The three avian immunoglobulins are, and
37)	The avian testicle is innervated via the nerve. The ovary is drained via the vein.
38)	The longest bone of the avian leg is the; the short tubular bone is the;
39)	The is the slit like opening in the hard palate of the bird that communicates with the sinuses and respiratory system of the head.
40)	The avian heart is surrounded by a sac called the The heart rate of a chicken is about beats per minute.
41)	What is the process that inactivates all pathogenic bacteria (e.g. <i>Salmonella</i>) and is required of all liquid egg products?
42)	Name the two proteins that are responsible for foaming ability (volume) and stability and indicate which protein is responsible for which characteristic.
43)	As the egg ages, what two compounds evaporate during normal storage and what happens to the egg as a result?
44)	What are two purposes of cooking poultry meat?
45)	What is the moisture retention rule mandated by FSIS?
46)	What are some problems that occur when stunning with amperage that is too high?
47)	List four bacterial growth requirements

48)	What are three pathogenic bacteria that are concerns in the poultry meat industry (on either raw or cooked product).
49)	What are the two main functional proteins in further processed meats?
50)	What are six unit operations of primary processing of poultry?